

Accordingly, the following commodities and service are hereby added to the Procurement List:

Commodities

Office and Miscellaneous Supplies
(Requirements for Luke Air Force Base, Arizona)

Office and Miscellaneous Supplies
(Requirements for the White Sands Missile Range, White Sands, New Mexico)

Office and Miscellaneous Supplies
(Requirements for Randolph Air Force Base, Texas)

Magnetic Shopping List
M.R. 822

Service

Grounds Maintenance, U.S. Post Office, Rancho Bernardo Station, 16960 Bernardo Center Drive, San Diego, California.

This action does not affect current contracts awarded prior to the effective date of this addition or options that may be exercised under those contracts.

Beverly L. Milkman,

Executive Director.

[FR Doc. 97-28285 Filed 10-23-97; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Export Administration

President's Export Council Subcommittee on Export Administration; Notice of Partially Closed Meeting

A partially closed meeting of President's Export Council Subcommittee on Export Administration (PECSEA) will be held October 29, 1997, 2:00 p.m., at the U.S. Department of Commerce, Herbert C. Hoover Building, Room 4832, 14th Street between Pennsylvania and Constitution Avenues, N.W., Washington, D.C. The Subcommittee provides advice on matters pertinent to those portions of the Export Administration Act, as amended, that deal with United States policies of encouraging trade with all countries with which the United States has diplomatic or trading relations and of controlling trade for national security and foreign policy reasons.

Public Session

1. Opening remarks by the Chairman.
2. Presentation of papers or comments by the public.
3. Update on Administration export control initiatives.

4. Task Force reports.

Closed Session

5. Discussion of matters properly classified under Executive Order 12958, dealing with the U.S. export control program and strategic criteria related thereto.

A Notice of Determination to close meetings, or portions of meetings, of the Subcommittee to the public on the basis of 5 U.S.C. 522(c)(1) was approved October 16, 1997, in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act. A copy of the Notice of Determination is available for public inspection and copying in the Central Reference and Records Inspection Facility, Room 6020, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. For further information, contact Ms. Lee Ann Carpenter on (202) 482-2583.

William V. Skidmore,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. 97-28226 Filed 10-23-97; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-588-841]

Notice of Antidumping Duty Order in the Antidumping Investigation of Vector Supercomputers From Japan

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 24, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Edward Easton at (202) 482-1777 or Sunkyu Kim at (202) 482-2613, Office of Antidumping/Countervailing Duty Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA).

Scope of Order

The scope of this order consists of all vector supercomputers, whether new or used, and whether in assembled or unassembled form, as well as vector supercomputer spare parts, repair parts, upgrades, and system software, shipped

to fulfill the requirements of a contract entered into on or after October 16, 1997, for the sale and, if included, maintenance of a vector supercomputer. A vector supercomputer is any computer with a vector hardware unit as an integral part of its central processing unit boards.

In general, the vector supercomputers imported from Japan, whether assembled or unassembled, covered by this order are classifiable under heading 8471 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States ("HTS"). Merchandise properly classified under HTS numbers 8471.10 and 8471.30, however, is excluded from the scope of this order. Although, these references to the HTS are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this order is dispositive.

On October 15, 1997, Fujitsu Limited and Fujitsu America, Inc., respondents in the antidumping proceeding, requested that the Department adjust the scope of this order to provide that it applied to entries pursuant to a contract entered into on or after the publication of the final affirmative determination of the U.S. International Trade Commission in the **Federal Register**. On October 16, 1997, Cray Research, Inc., the petitioner in the proceeding, wrote the Department to acquiesce in Fujitsu's request. Therefore, the Department has amended the scope language to clarify that merchandise imported pursuant to contracts for vector supercomputer systems entered into prior to October 16, 1997, are outside the scope of this order. Petitioner also requested clarification as to whether the exercise of an option in a contract entered into prior to October 16, 1997, constitutes a new contract entered into on the day the option is exercised. Should the petitioner bring the exercise of such an option to the Department's attention in the form of a request for a ruling on the scope of this order pursuant to 19 CFR 351.225(c), the Department will either issue a final ruling under paragraph (d) of that section or will initiate a scope inquiry under paragraph (e).

Antidumping Duty Order

On October 7, 1997, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department that imports of vector supercomputers from Japan threaten material injury to the U.S. industry. The ITC did not determine that but for the suspension of liquidation of entries of vector supercomputers from Japan, the domestic industry would have been materially injured. Accordingly, the